QUOGUE
UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2018

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

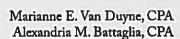
## TABLE OF CONTENTS

# I. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditor's Report

Exhibit Number		Page
I	Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) (MD&A)	1 - 14
2	Statement of Net Position	15
3	Statement of Activities	16
4	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	17
5	Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position	18
6	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	19
7	Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	20
8	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	21
9	Notes to Financial Statements	22-51
II.	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SS1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	52 - 53
SS2	Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	54
SS3	Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	55
SS4	Schedule of District's Contributions	56
ш.	OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SS5	Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget – General Fund and Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation	57
SS6	Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund	58
SS7	Net Investment in Capital Assets	59

IV. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Quogue Union Free School District

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Quogue Union Free School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary fund of the Quogue Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

ISLANDIA: 3033 EXPRESS DRIVE NORTH, SUITE 100 • ISLANDIA, NY 11749
WHITE PLAINS: 50 MAIN STREET, SUITE 1000 • WHITE PLAINS, NY 10606
PHONE: (631) 234-4444 • FAX: (631) 234-4234

#### Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2018, Quogue Union Free School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability, schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of District's contributions on pages 1 through 14 and 52 through 56, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Quogue Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary financial information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary financial information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 5, 2018 on our consideration of the Quogue Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Quogue Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP

R. S. abrane + Co. XXP

Islandia, NY

November 5, 2018

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Quogue Union Free School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-Wide and Fund Based Financial Statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On May 15, 2018, the proposed 2018-2019 budget in the amount of \$8,341,716 was approved by the District's residents. The property tax levy was below the property tax cap.
- The District continued to invest the majority of its resources in educating the students of Quogue, as evidenced by instructional expenses of 76.48% of total expenses for the 2017-18 fiscal year, on the District-Wide Financial Statements.
- The District continued to offer all programs, without reducing services, while maintaining healthy fund balances.
- The District implemented GASB Statement No.75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which resulted in the restatement of opening Net Position to reflect the total OPEB liability, rather than the net OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was \$12,645,345. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund OPEB by any other means than the "pay as you go" method. Refer to Note 14 for more information.

#### 2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-Wide Financial Statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *Fund Financial Statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the operations in *more detail* than the District-Wide Financial Statements.
  - The Governmental Fund Statements tell how basic services such as instruction and support functions were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - o Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, including the employees of District.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Table A-1: Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report

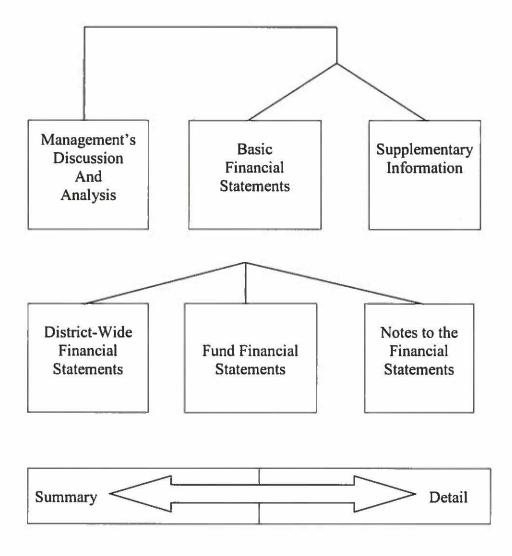


Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-2: Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-Wide Financial Statements	Fund Financial Statements	
		Governmental	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire entity (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the District, such as special education and instruction	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of others, such as employee benefits
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances</li> </ul>	Statement of     Fiduciary Net     Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Modified accrual and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/ liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

## A) District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-Wide Financial Statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred

inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-Wide Financial Statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the financial health or position.

- Over time, increases and decreases in net position is an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

Net position of the governmental activities differ from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated if it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt are both accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

District-Wide Financial Statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets;
- Report long-term debt as a liability;
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities;
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; and
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
  - Net investment in capital assets;
  - Restricted net position are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of governments) or approved by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation;
  - Unrestricted net position is net position that does not meet any of the above restrictions.

#### B) Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific revenue sources and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the laws of the State of New York.

The District has two kinds of funds:

#### i) Governmental funds

Most of the basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the programs of the District. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-Wide Financial Statements, additional information in separate reconciliation schedules explains the relationship (or differences) between them. In summary, the governmental fund statements focus primarily on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources and often have a budgetary orientation. Included are the general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund, and capital projects fund. Required statements are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

#### ii) Fiduciary funds

The District is the trustee or *fiduciary* for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds and student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-Wide Financial Statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. This report should be used to support the District's own programs and is developed using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans and certain post-employment healthcare plans.

# 3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### A) Net Position

The District's total net position decreased by \$260,111 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 as detailed in Table A-3.

Table A-3 – Condensed Statement of Net Position-Governmental Activities

							Total
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		İncrease	Percentage
		2018		2017*	(	Decrease)	Change
Current assets	\$	5,298,791	\$	5,292,795	\$	5,996	0.11%
Capital assets, net		3,085,168		3,080,247		4,921	0.16%
Net pension asset - proportionate share	2	115,283				115,283	N/A
Total assets		8,499,242		8,373,042		126,200	1.51%
Deferred outflows of resources		2,297,013		2,146,593		150,420	7.01%
Total assets and deferred							
outflows of resources	\$	10,796,255	\$	10,519,635	\$	276,620	2.63%
Other liabilities	\$	892,627	\$	1,204,438	\$	(311,811)	-25.89%
Long-term liabilities	_	12,880,594		13,563,986		(683,392)	-5.04%
Total liabilities		13,773,221		14,768,424		(995,203)	-6.74%
Deferred inflows of resources		1,612,343		80,409		1,531,934	1905.18%
Total liabilities and deferred							
inflows of resources		15,385,564		14,848,833		536,731	3.61%
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets		3,085,168		3,076,747		8,421	0.27%
Restricted		1,212,578		709,481		503,097	70.91%
Unrestricted (deficit)	SA.2	(8,887,055)		(8,115,426)		(771,629)	-9.51%
Total net position (deficit)		(4,589,309)		(4,329,198)		(260,111)	-6.01%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			100				
resources, and net position	\$	10,796,255	\$	10,519,635	\$	276,620	2.63%

<sup>\*</sup>Deferred outflows of resources, long-term liabilities, and unrestricted net position for 2017 have been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. See Note 14 for further information.

Current assets increased \$5,996 from 2017 to 2018 primarily due to an increase in restricted cash, offset by decreases in unrestricted cash and prepaid expenditures. Capital assets (net of depreciation) increased by \$4,921 due to additions exceeding current year depreciation. The District reported a net pension asset - proportionate share for the teachers' retirement system in the amount of \$115,283 as a result of the actuarial valuation provided by the state. In the prior year, it reported a net pension liability for the teachers' retirement system. The accompanying Note to Financial Statements, Note 12 "Pension Plans", provides additional information. Deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plans and other post employment benefits increased by \$150,420, and represents contributions to the retirement plans and other post employment benefits plan subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial determined amounts that will be amortized in future years.

Other liabilities decreased by \$311,811. This was primarily attributed to decreases in due to other governments and due to teachers' retirement system, offset by an increase in accounts payable.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$683,392 primarily due to decreases in net pension liability-proportionate share and total other post employment benefits obligation.

The net investment in capital assets relates to the investment in capital assets at cost such as land, construction in progress, buildings & improvements, and furniture & equipment, net of depreciation and related debt. This number increased from the prior year by \$8,241 due to current year capital additions and the pay down of installment purchase debt offset by current year depreciation.

The restricted net position in the amount of \$1,212,578 refers to the District's reserves: workers' compensation, repair, retirement contribution, employee benefit accrued liability, and capital. The increase of \$503,097 can be attributed to the funding of the capital reserve in the amount of \$500,000, and allocation of interest to the reserves in the amount of \$3,097.

The unrestricted net deficit relates to the balance of the District's net position. The deficit of \$8,887,055 increased by \$771,629, primarily due to the increase in restricted net position, and the excess of expenditures over revenues based on the accrual basis of accounting.

## B) Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

Table A-4: Change in Net Position from Operating Results, Governmental Activities Only

							Total
	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Increase		Percentage
		2018		2017	(Decrease)		Change
Revenues				55556	310		724
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	149,886	\$	152,592	\$	(2,706)	-1.77%
Operating grants		39,147		21,472		17,675	82.32%
General revenues							
Real property taxes and other tax items		7,171,387		6,852,240		319,147	4.66%
State sources		333,515		317,694		15,821	4.98%
Use of money and property		17,002		12,435		4,567	36.73%
Miscellaneous		6,563		34,546		(27,983)	-81.00%
Total revenues		7,717,500	-	7,390,979		326,521	4.42%
Expenses							
General support		1,594,851		1,485,792		109,059	7.34%
Instruction		6,100,936		6,182,740		(81,804)	-1.32%
Pupil transportation		246,787		232,394		14,393	6.19%
Community services		32,496		11,397		21,099	185.13%
Food service program		2,541		1,648		893	54.19%
Total expenses		7,977,611	8 <del>.</del>	7,913,971	3. The state of th	63,640	0.80%
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	(260,111)	\$	(522,992)	\$	262,881	-50.26%

The District's fiscal year 2018 revenues totaled \$7,717,500. (See Table A-4). Real property taxes and other tax items and state sources accounted for most of the District's revenue by contributing 92.92% and 4.32%, respectively of total revenue. (See Table A-5). The remainder came from fees charged for services, operating grants, use of money and property, and other miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services totaled \$7,977,611 for fiscal year 2018. These expenses are predominantly related to general instruction and caring for (pupil services) and transporting students, which account for 79.57% of district expenses. (See Table A-6). The District's general support activities accounted for 19.99% of total costs.

Table A-5: Revenues for Fiscal Year 2018 (See Table A-4)

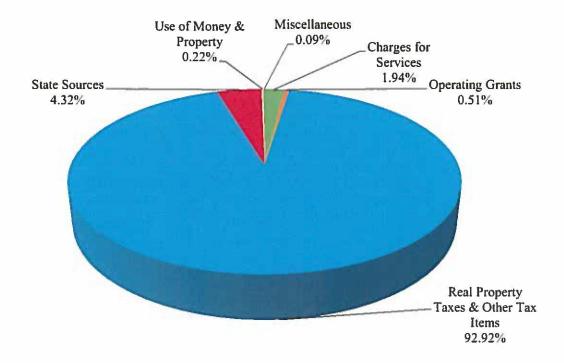
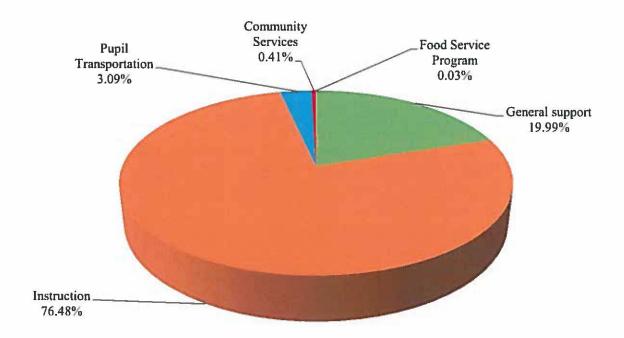


Table A-6: Expenses for Fiscal Year 2018 (See Tables A-4 and A-7)



## C) Governmental Activities

Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$7,717,500 while total expenses equaled \$7,977,611 resulting in an overall decrease in net position for governmental activities of \$260,111. While expenses exceeded revenues, the continuation of the District's good financial condition, as a whole, can be credited to:

- Continued leadership of the District's Board and administration;
- Rising property assessed valuations;
- Strategic use of services from the Eastern Suffolk Board of Cooperative Educational Services BOCES;
- Improved curriculum and staff and community support;

Table A-7 presents the cost of major District activities: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, community services, and the food service program. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table A-7: Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost				Net Cost				
	of Services					of Services			
	Fiscal Year		scal Year Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		F	iscal Year	
Category	2	2018		2017		2018		2017	
General support	\$	1,594,851	\$	1,485,792	\$	1,594,851	\$	1,485,792	
Instruction		6,100,936		6,182,740		5,912,560		6,010,962	
Pupil transportation		246,787		232,394		246,787		232,394	
Community services		32,496		11,397		32,496		11,397	
Food service program		2,541		1,648		1,884		(638)	
Total	\$	7,977,611	\$	7,913,971	\$	7,788,578	\$	7,739,907	

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$7,977,611. (Statement of Activities, Expenses column-see Exhibit 3)
- The users of the District's programs financed \$149,886 of the cost. (Statement of Activities, Charges For Services column-see Exhibit 3)
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with operating grants of \$39,147. (Statement of Activities, Operating Grants column see Exhibit 3)
- Most of the District's net costs of \$7,788,578 were financed by the District's taxpayers and state and federal aid. (Statements of Activities, Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position column-see Exhibit 3)

#### 4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the governmental Fund Financial Statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-Wide Financial Statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the <u>current financial resources measurement focus</u> and the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting</u>. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

As of June 30, 2018, the District's combined governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$4,406,164 which is an increase of \$317,807 from the prior year. This increase is due to increases in the general fund and capital projects fund from operations of \$250,125 and \$69,000 respectively, offset by a decrease in the school lunch fund from operations of \$1,318.

A summary of the change in fund balance for all funds are as follows:

				Total
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	Percentage
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change
General Fund			907 SC 18	
Non-spendable: prepaid expenditures	\$ -	\$ 88,542	\$ (88,542)	-100.00%
Restricted for workers' compensation	257,810	256,668	1,142	0.44%
Restricted for repair	20,793	20,761	32	0.15%
Restricted for retirement contribution	310,664	309,287	1,377	0.45%
Restricted for employee benefit				
accrued liability	123,311	122,765	546	0.44%
Restricted for capital	500,000		500,000	N/A
Assigned - designated for				
subsequent year's expenditures	415,041	281,033	134,008	47.68%
Assigned - general support	52,843	26,949	25,894	96.09%
Assigned - instruction	114,866	18,708	96,158	513.99%
Assigned - employee benefits		1,400	(1,400)	-100.00%
Unassigned	2,540,136	2,959,226	(419,090)	-14.16%
Total fund balance - general fund	4,335,464	4,085,339	250,125	6.12%
School Lunch Fund				
Assigned unappropriated	767	2,085	(1,318)	-63.21%
Total fund balance - school lunch fund	767	2,085	(1,318)	-63.21%
Capital Projects Fund				
Assigned unappropriated	69,933	933	69,000	-7395.50%
Total fund balance-capital projects fund	69,933	933	69,000	-7395.50%
Total fund balance - all funds	\$ 4,406,164	\$ 4,088,357	\$ 317,807	7.77%

The increase in fund balance in the general fund is due revenues exceeding expenditures and other financing uses by \$250,125.

The decrease in the fund balance of the school lunch fund is the operating loss of the program in the current year.

The increase in the fund balance for the capital projects fund is due to an interfund transfer from the general fund to fund capital projects.

#### 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

#### A) 2017-2018 Budget

The District's voter approved general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$8,059,754. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$47,057 which resulted in a final budget of \$8,106,811. The majority of the funding was property taxes and STAR revenue of \$7,171,098.

#### B) Change in the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is a component to total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund subsequent years' budgets. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget are as follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 2,959,226
Revenues under Budget	(48,446)
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget	511,349
Decrease in Nonspendable Fund Balance	88,542
Assigned, Appropriated for June 30, 2019 Budget	(415,041)
Interest Allocated to Reserves	(3,097)
Funding to capital reserve	(500,000)
Unused, Appropriated Reserves	(52,397)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 2,540,136

The opening, unassigned fund balance of \$2,959,226 represents the fund balance from June 30, 2017 that was retained.

The revenues under budget of \$48,446 were primarily related to miscellaneous revenue and other state aid, which were offset by revenues over budget on use of money and property, and lottery aid. (See Supplemental Schedule # 1 for detail).

The expenditures and encumbrances under budget of \$511,349 were primarily in teaching – regular school, programs for children with handicapping conditions, pupil transportation, and employee benefits. (See Supplemental Schedule #1 for detail).

The decrease in nonspendable fund balance of \$88,542 relates to prepaid health insurance premiums in the prior year.

The assigned, appropriated fund balance of \$415,041 for the June 30, 2019 budget is the amount the District has chosen to partially fund its operating budget for 2018-2019.

Interest of \$3,097 was allocated to the reserves as follows: \$1,142 to the workers' compensation reserve, \$32 to the repair reserve, \$1,377 to the retirement contribution reserve, and \$546 to the employee benefit accrued liability reserve.

The District appropriated \$52,397 of reserves for the 2017-2018 budget to reduce the tax levy, however the District did not utilize any of this amount to fund current year expenses.

The closing, unassigned fund balance of \$2,540,136 represents the fund balance retained by the District that is not restricted or assigned for subsequent years' taxes. This amount is limited to 4% of the 2018-2019 budget. The District's unassigned fund balance exceeds the limit, and represents 30.45% of the 2018-2019 budget. Supplemental Schedule #5 includes the calculation for this limitation.

## 6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# A) <u>Capital Assets</u>

A summary of the District's capital assets, net of depreciation, is as follows:

Table A-8: Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Increase		Percentage
Category		2018		2017		(Decrease)	Change
Land	\$	155,600	\$	155,600	\$	-	0.00%
Work in progress		95,158		-		95,158	N/A
Buildings & improvements		4,721,413		4,721,413		-	0.00%
Site improvement		122,079		122,079			0.00%
Furniture, equipment & vehicles		460,377		405,657		54,720	13.49%
Subtotal		5,554,627		5,404,749	•	149,878	2.77%
Less: accumulated depreciation		2,469,459		2,324,502		144,957	6.24%
Total net capital assets		3,085,168	\$	3,080,247	_\$	4,921	0.16%

The District spent \$95,158 on work in progress, and \$54,720 on equipment in the general fund.

#### B) <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

The District made principal payments relating to installment purchase debt for copiers in the amount of \$3,500 during the fiscal year. The District had no installment purchase debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018.

A summary of outstanding debt at June 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

			Increase
	2018	2017	(Decrease)
Installment purchase debt	\$-	\$3,500	(\$3,500)
Total	\$-	\$3,500	(\$3,500)

Please refer to Footnote 12 for further detail on long-term debt disclosures.

#### 7. FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- The NYS Legislature has introduced and approved a property tax cap beginning in the 2012-2013 school year. This bill limits tax levy growth to the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in the CPI. Limited exemptions to exceed the levy cap are provided for taxes needed to pay for voter-approved capital expenditures, pension rate increases, court orders and torts over five percent of the prior year's levy. If the tax levy proposed to the voters is within the district's tax levy cap, the threshold required for approval would be 60 percent of the vote. A school district that does not levy an amount up to the cap in any one year would be allowed to carry over unused tax levy capacity into future years.
- On May 15, 2018 the proposed 2018-2019 budget in the amount of \$8,341,716 was authorized by the District's residents. This is an increase of \$281,962 or 3.50% as compared to the previous year's budget.

#### 8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Quogue Union Free School District
Mr. Jeffrey Ryvicker
Superintendent of Schools
Edgewood Road
PO Box 957
Quogue, New York 11959

#### QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

1 COLUMN	
ASSETS Current assets	
Cash	
Unrestricted	\$3,965,190
Restricted	1,212,578
Receivables	7(*)77 - 7888
State and federal aid	45,578
Due from other governments	40,834
Due from fiduciary fund	33,507
Accounts receivable	1,104
Non-current assets	
Capital assets	200 700
Not being depreciated	250,758
Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation  Net pension asset - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system	2,834,410 115,283
TOTAL ASSETS	8,499,242
. 0 11111 1600110	0,777,272
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other post employment benefits	534,929
Pensions	1,762,084
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,297,013
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$10,796,255
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	\$382,802
Accrued liabilities	13,595
Due to other governments	184,389
Due to teachers' retirement system	267,823
Due to employees' retirement system	16,530
Compensated absences payable	27,488
Long-term liabilities	
Due and payable after one year	60 060
Claims payable	58,868 126,367
Compensated absences payable  Total other post employment benefits obligation	12,645,345
Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,773,221
A 70 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10,770,001
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other post employment benefits	1,128,159
Pensions	484,184
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,612,343
NET POSITION	ANALOGO CON PROJECTO ANALOGO ANALOGO.
Net investment in capital assets	3,085,168
D 1112 F	
Restricted	257 010
Workers' compensation	257,810 20,793
Repair Retirement contribution	310,664
Employee benefit accrued liability	123,311
Capital	500,000
Capital	1,212,578
	1,414,070
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(8,887,055)
•	
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	(4,589,309)
TOTAL NET POSITION, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	
AND LIABILITIES	\$10,796,255

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Program l	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and
		Charges for	Operating	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Grants	Net Position
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS				
General support	(\$1,594,851)			(\$1,594,851)
Instruction	(6,100,936)	\$149,413	\$38,963	(5,912,560)
Pupil transportation	(246,787)			(246,787)
Community services	(32,496)			(32,496)
Food service program	(2,541)	473	184	(1,884)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	(\$7,977,611)	\$149,886	\$39,147	(7,788,578)
GENERAL REVENUES  Real property taxes Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement Use of money & property Miscellaneous State sources TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES				7,135,471 35,916 17,002 6,563 333,515 7,528,467
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(260,111)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING	OF YEAR, AS RES	STATED (SEE N	OTE 14)	(4,329,198)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YEA	R			(\$4,589,309)

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash					
Unrestricted	\$3,893,364	\$349	\$1,724	\$69,753	\$3,965,190
Restricted	1,212,578				1,212,578
Receivables					
State and federal aid	10,116	35,462			45,578
Due from other governments	40,834				40,834
Due from other funds	38,304		571	180	39,055
Accounts receivable	1,104				1,104
TOTAL ASSETS	\$5,196,300	\$35,811	\$2,295	\$69,933	\$5,304,339
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Payables					
Accounts payable	\$351,011	\$30,263	\$1,528		\$382,802
Accrued liabilities	13,595	0001200	01,520		13,595
Due to other governments	184,389				184,389
Due to other funds	Laura.	5,548			5,548
Due to teachers' retirement system	267,823				267,823
Due to employees' retirement system	16,530				16,530
Compensated absences	27,488				27,488
TOTAL LIABILITIES	860,836	35,811	1,528	-	898,175
FUND BALANCES Restricted					
Workers' compensation	257,810				257,810
Repair	20,793				20,793
Retirement contribution	310,664				310,664
Employee benefit accrued liability	123,311				123,311
Capital	500,000				500,000
Assigned	200,000				20,000
Appropriated fund balance	415,041				415.041
Unappropriated fund balance	167,709		767	\$69,933	238,409
Unassigned	2,540,136				2,540,136
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,335,464		767	69,933	4,406,164
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$5,196,300	\$35,811	\$2,295	\$69,933	\$5,304,339

(12,880,594)

(\$4,589,309)

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$4,406,164 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position include those capital assets among the assets of the district as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives. Original cost of capital assets \$5,554,627 Accumulated depreciation (2,469,459)3,085,168 Deferred inflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognizes revenues and expenditures under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenues and expenditures under the modified accrual method. These amounts will be amortized in future years. Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability (1,128,159)(1,612,343)Deferred inflows related to pensions (484, 184)Deferred outflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognizes revenues and expenditures under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenues and expenditures under the modified accrual method. These amounts will be amortized in future years. Deferred outflows related to total OPEB liability 534,929 1,762,084 2,297,013 Deferred outflows related to pensions Certain disbursements previously expended in the governmental funds relating to pensions are treated as long term assets and increase net position. The net pension asset, proportionate 115,283 share for the teachers' retirement system at year end was Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consisted of: Claims payable (58,868)Compensated absences payable (126, 367)Total other post employment benefits obligation (12,645,345)Net pension liability-proportionate share - employees' retirement system (50,014)

Total Net Position

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCIIOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Real property taxes	\$7,135,471				\$7,135,471
Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement	35,916				35,916
Charges for services	149,413				149,413
Use of money and property	17,000		\$2		17,002
Miscellaneous	6,563				6,563
State sources	333,515	\$21,932			355,447
Federal sources		17,031	184		17,215
Sales			473		473
TOTAL REVENUES	7,677,878	38,963	659		7,717,500
EXPENDITURES					
General support	1,143,082				1,143,082
Instruction	4,302,990	44,446			4,347,436
Pupil transportation	236,654				236,654
Community services	19,725				19,725
Employee benefits	1,647,319				1,647,319
Debt service principal	3,500				3,500
Cost of sales	<del></del>		1,977		1,977
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,353,270	44,446	1,977	•	7,399,693
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)					
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	324,608	(5,483)	(1,318)		317,807
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Operating transfers in		5,483		\$69,000	74,483
Operating transfers (out)	(74,483)	<del></del> .			(74,483)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(74,483)	5,483		69,000	_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	250,125		(1,318)	69,000	317,807
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,085,339		2,085	933	4,088,357
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$4,335,464	<u> </u>	\$767	\$69,933	\$4,406,164

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances			\$317,807		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:					
Long Term Revenue and Expens	e Differences				
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Compensated absences payable for the year ended June 30, 2018 changed by			(16,528)		
Claims payable in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because the expense is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, the payable is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due. Claims payable from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 changed by			20,141		
Changes in the proportionate share of net pension asset/liability, and total other post employment benefits obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.					
Te	ther post employment benefits obligation eachers' retirement system aployees' retirement system	(\$490,631) (98,066) (1,255)	(589,952)		
Capital Related Items					
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.					
	apital outlays epreciation expense	\$149,878 (144,957)	4,921		
Long-Term Debt Transactions					
Repayment of installment purchase debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.			3,500		
Change in Net Position			(\$260,111)		

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash - restricted	\$74,435	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$74,435	
LIABILITIES		
Due to governmental funds	\$33,507	
Other liabilities	40,928	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$74,435	

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of Quogue Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as they apply to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) prescribes those principles, which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

#### A) Reporting entity:

The laws of New York State govern the District. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and its component unit and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the District does not have a component unit in the financial reporting entity.

# B) Joint venture:

The District is a component district in the Eastern Suffolk Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the

New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

#### C) Basis of presentation:

#### i) District-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### ii) Fund Financial Statements:

The Fund Financial Statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Exhibit 9

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the activities of the District's food service operations.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-Wide Financial Statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds, however the District only utilizes the agency fund.

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups and for payroll or employee withholding.

#### D) Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The District-Wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, net

pension liabilities, and other post employment benefits obligations which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E) Real property taxes:

#### i) Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than October 1, and become a lien on December 1. Taxes are collected by the Town of Southampton during the period December 1, 2017 to June 1, 2018 without penalty.

#### ii) Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County (the "County") in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following July 1.

#### F) Restricted resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

## G) <u>Interfund transactions:</u>

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-Wide Statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary fund.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 9 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

## H) Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of compensated absences, other post employment benefits, workers compensation claims, net pension asset/liability, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of capital assets.

#### I) Cash and cash equivalents:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

#### J) Receivables:

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K) Prepaid items:

Non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (prepaid items) has been recognized in the general fund under GASB Statement No. 54 to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed. The District had no prepaid items as of June 30, 2018.

#### L) Capital assets:

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to 20 years. For assets acquired prior to 20 years, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-Wide Statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation	Estimated	
			Method	Useful Life	
Building & improvements	\$	15,000	Straight-line	50 years	
Site improvements	\$	15,000	Straight-line	20 years	
Furniture, equipment & vehicles	\$	5,000	Straight-line	5-20 years	

#### M) Collections in advance:

Collections in advance arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for collections in advance is removed and revenues are recorded. The District had no collections in advance as of June 20, 2018.

#### N) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These amounts are related to pensions and the other post employment benefits liability reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and are detailed further in Notes 12 and 14.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are related to pensions and the other post employment benefits liability reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and are detailed further in Notes 12 and 14.

#### O) Vested employee benefits:

#### Compensated absences:

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. Certain

collectively bargained agreements require these termination payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-Wide Financial Statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the Funds Financial Statements only the amount of matured liabilities for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30<sup>th</sup> is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

#### P) Other benefits:

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b).

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payments). In the District-Wide Financials Statements, the cost of post employment health insurance coverage is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

#### Q) Short-term debt:

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an

insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue dated.

#### R) Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations:

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-Wide Financial Statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, compensated absences, net pension liability, and other post employment benefits obligation that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the Funds Financial Statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the Fund Financial Statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year on the Statement of Net Position.

#### S) Equity classifications:

## i) District-Wide Financial Statements:

In the District-Wide Financial Statements, there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets, net of any unexpended proceeds and including any unamortized items (discounts, premiums, gain on refunding).

Restricted net position – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### ii) Fund Financial Statements:

There are five classifications of fund balance as detailed below; however, in the Fund Financial Statements there are three classifications of fund balance presented:

- (1) Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District did not have any non-spendable fund balance as of June 30, 2018.
- (2) <u>Restricted fund balance</u> includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District has classified the following as restricted:

#### Workers' Compensation Reserve:

Workers' compensation reserve (GML §6-j), must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

#### Repair Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education without voter approval may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

#### Retirement Contribution Reserve:

Retirement contribution reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

#### Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve:

Employee benefit accrued liability reserve (GML §6-p), must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

#### Capital Reserve

Capital reserve (Education Law §3651) must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education law. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

- (3) <u>Committed fund balance</u> includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority (i.e., Board of Education). The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2018.
- (4) <u>Assigned fund balance</u> includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the District management through Board policies. The District has established a Fund Balance policy that allows the Board of Education to set forth the fund balance that is assigned. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the general fund.
- (5) <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> includes the residual fund balance for the general fund and includes residual fund balance deficits of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Non-spendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances included in assigned fund balance are also excluded from the 4% limitation. The current closing unassigned fund balance represents 30.45% of the 2018-2019 budget.

#### Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, non-spendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as assigned fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned.

#### T) New accounting standards:

The District has adopted and implemented the following current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable as of June 30, 2018: Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The adoption of this Statement resulted in the restatement of certain items pertaining to the June 30, 2017 District-Wide Financial Statements. Refer to Note 14 for more information.

#### U) Future changes in accounting standards:

GASB has issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, effective for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, which provides guidance for the reporting of certain legally enforceable liabilities associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset.

GASB has issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It provides guidance for identifying fiduciary activities, primarily based on whether the government is controlling the assets, and the beneficiaries with whom the fiduciary relationship exists, and on how different fiduciary activities should be reported.

GASB has issued Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the idea that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. As such, under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and the lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

These are the statements that the District feels may have an impact on these financial statements and are not an all inclusive list of GASB statements issued. The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

## NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the Fund Financial Statements and the District-Wide Financial Statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

## A) Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

### B) <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities:</u>

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

#### i) Long-term revenue and expense differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accruals basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### ii) Capital related differences:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the Fund Financial Statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### iii) Long-term debt transaction differences:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Position.

#### NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

#### A) Budgets:

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund. Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. There were no supplemental appropriations for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### B) Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as assigned fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS:

#### A) <u>Cash:</u>

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state.

Exhibit 9

#### QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and districts.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A) Uncollateralized;
- B) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution; or
- C) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

All of the District's aggregate bank balances were covered by depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name at year end.

#### Restricted cash:

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash at June 30, 2018 included \$1,212,578 within the governmental funds for general reserve purposes, and \$74,435 within the fiduciary fund.

#### Investments:

The District does not typically purchase investments for long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### NOTE 5 – PARTICIPATION IN BOCES:

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District was billed \$283,011 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$40,202. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at Eastern Suffolk Board of Cooperative Educational Services James Hines Administration Center 201 Sunrise Highway Patchogue, NY 11772.

#### NOTE 6 - STATE AND FEDERAL AID RECEIVABLE:

State and federal aid receivable at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

General Fund		
Excess cost aid	\$	10,116
Special Aid Fund		
State aid receivable		21,932
Federal aid receivable	2	13,530
Total	8	35,462
Total State and federal aid receivable	\$	45,578

District management has deemed these amounts to be fully collectible.

#### NOTE 7 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due from other governments in the general fund at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

BOCES aid	_\$	40,834
Total	\$	40,834

District management has deemed these amounts to be fully collectible.

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS:**

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance					ements /	Ending Balance		
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets that are not depreciated:									
Land	\$	155,600	\$	-	\$	•	\$	155,600	
Works in progress		-		95,158				95,158	
Total capital assets that are not depreciated		155,600		95,158		•		250,758	
Capital assets that are depreciated:									
Buildings & improvements		4,721,413						4,721,413	
Site improvements		122,079						122,079	
Furniture, equipment & vehicles		405,657		54,720				460,377	
Total capital assets that are depreciated		5,249,149		54,720		•		5,303,869	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings & improvements		1,991,972		103,998				2,095,970	
Site improvements		85,247		2,503				87,750	
Furniture, equipment & vehicles		247,283	-	38,456	7-			285,739	
Total accumulated depreciation		2,324,502		144,957		-		2,469,459	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,924,647		(90,237)				2,834,410	
Total capital assets, net	\$	3,080,247	\$	4,921	\$		\$	3,085,168	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 69,419
Instruction	74,974
Food service program	564
Total depreciation expense	\$ 144,957

#### NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

	Interfund				Interfund			
	Re	Receivable Payable		Re	evenues	Expenditure		
General fund	\$	38,304					\$	74,483
Special aid fund			\$	5,548	\$	5,483		
School lunch fund		571						
Capital projects fund		180	v			69,000		
Total government activities		39,055	-	5,548		74,483		74,483
Fiduciary agency fund				33,507				
Totals	\$	39,055	\$	39,055	\$	74,483	\$	74,483

The District transferred from the general fund to the special aid fund for the District's share of summer school handicap expenses required by State Law. The District transferred from the general fund to the capital projects fund to finance capital projects.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. It is expected that all interfund payables should be repaid within one year.

#### NOTE 10 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due to other governments in the general fund at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

Library	\$ 546
State aid overpayment	5,018
BOCES	43,769
Westhampton Beach UFSD	135,056
Total due to other governments	\$ 184,389

#### **NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:**

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

		Beginning Balance	Issued Redeemed		Ending Balance		e Within ne Year	
Long-term debt: Installment purchase debt payable	<u> </u>	3,500	<u> </u>	т.	\$ 3,500	\$ 		
Other long-term liabilities:		SS. <b>€</b> 76. SS(SS)			Marie Paris Paris Andrews			
Claims payable		79,009		31,709	51,850	58,868		
Compensated absences payable		109,839		44,016	27,488	126,367		
Total other post employment benefits								
obligation *		13,065,695		1,209,599	1,629,949	12,645,345		
Net pension liability-proportionate share		305,943			 255,929	50,014		
Total long-term liabilities	\$	13,563,986	\$	1,285,324	\$ 1,968,716	\$ 12,880,594	\$	-

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning balance as restated.

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as installment purchase debt payable, compensated absences, claims payable, other post-employment benefits obligation and net pension liability.

#### A) Installment Debt

Installment debt payable was paid off in the fiscal year 2018, and was composed of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Outs	tanding
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	at Ye	ear End
Advanced Imaging System	2012	2018	N/A	\$	=9
Advanced Imaging System	2015	2018	N/A		-
				\$	_

#### **NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS:**

#### A) Plan description and benefits provided:

#### i) Teachers' Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching

assistants, guidance counselors, and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at <a href="https://www.nystrs.org">www.nystrs.org</a>.

#### ii) Employees' Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple -employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all new assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany NY 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

#### B) Funding Policies:

The Systems are noncontributory, except as follows:

- 1. New York State Teachers' Retirement System:
  - a. Employees who joined the system after July 27, 1976
    - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute.
  - b. Employees who joined the system on or after January 1, 2010 before April 1, 2012
    - i. Employees contribute 3.5% of their salary throughout active membership.

- c. Employees who joined the system on or after April 1, 2012
  - i. Employees contribute between 3% and 6% dependent upon their salary throughout active membership.

#### 2. New York State Employees' Retirement System

- a. Employees who joined the system after July 27, 1976
  - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute.
- b. Employees who joined the system on or after January 1, 2010 before April 1, 2012
  - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary throughout active membership.
- c. Employees who joined the system on or after April 1, 2012
  - i. Employees contribute between 3% and 6% dependent upon their salary throughout active membership.

For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for TRS.

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years based on covered payroll for the District's year end were:

	N	NYSERS		NYSTRS
2018	\$	70,828	\$	242,603
2017	\$	69,837	\$	318,604
2016	\$	82,210	\$	308,816

## C) <u>Pension assets, liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2018, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2018 for ERS and June 30, 2017 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2017
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 50,014	\$ 115,283
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension liability	0.0015496%	0.015167%
Change in proportion since prior		
measurement date	0.0000139%	0.000074%

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$72,080 for ERS and a pension expense of \$303,767 for TRS. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Def	erred Outfloy	w of F	Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resource			esources
r.		<u>ERS</u>		TRS		<u>ERS</u>		TRS
Differences between expected								
and actual experience	\$	17,838	\$	94,850	\$	14,741	\$	44,947
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan investments		72,641				143,386		271,525
Changes of assumptions		33,163		1,173,026				
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate	ı							
share of contributions		28,290		83,143		151		9,434
District's contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		16,530		242,603			89	- 10
	\$	168,462	\$	1,593,622	\$	158,278	\$	325,906

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Plan year ended:		
2018		\$ 40,610
2019	\$ 22,323	324,279
2020	16,897	236,021
2021	(31,513)	69,066
2022	(14,053)	235,375
Thereafter		119,762
	\$ (6,346)	\$ 1,025,113

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2017
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2017	June 30, 2016
Interest rate	7.0%	7.25%
Salary scale	3.80%	4.72% - 1.90%
Cost of living adjustmer	nts 1.3% annually	1.5%, annually
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010 -	July 1, 2009 -
	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
	System's Experience	System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.50%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014, applied on a generational basis.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2017 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selections of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected

future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of the valuation date are summarized below:

	ERS		TRS		
Valuation Date	April 1, 2017		June 30, 2016		
		Long-term		Long-term	
	<u>Target</u>	expected real	<u>Target</u>	expected real	
Asset type	<b>Allocation</b>	rate of return	Allocation	rate of return	
Domestic equity	36%	4.55%	35%	5.9%	
International equity	14%	6.35%	18%	7.4%	
Private equity	10%	7.50%	8%	9.0%	
Real estate	10%	5.55%	11%	4.3%	
Absolute return strategies	2%	3.75%			
Opportunistic portfolio	3%	5.68%			
Real assets	3%	5.29%			
Bonds and mortgages	17%	1.31%			
Cash	1%	-0.25%			
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	1.25%			
Domestic fixed income secu	rities		16%	1.6%	
Global fixed income securities	es		2%	1.3%	
High-yield fixed income secu	urities		1%	3.9%	
Mortgages			8%	2.8%	
Short-term			1%	0.6%	
	100%		100%		

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would

be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6.0% for ERS and 6.25% for TRS) or 1-percentagepoint higher (8.0% for ERS and 8.25% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1% Decrease (6%)	Current Assumption (7%)	1% Increase (8%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	(\$378,418)	(\$50,014)	\$227,803
	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
TRS	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	(\$1,985,983)	\$115,283	\$1,874,989

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Valuation date	April 1, 2017	June 30, 2016	
Employers' total pension liability	(\$183,400,590)	(\$114,708,261)	
Plan Net Position	180,173,145	115,468,360	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	(\$3,227,445)	\$760,099	
Ratio of plan net position to the		100.550/	
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	98.24%	100.66%	

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2018 through June 30, 2018 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 amounted to \$16,530.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2018 through a state aid intercept, with a balance to be paid by the District, if necessary. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 represent employee and employer contributions for the

fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 amounted to \$267,823.

#### **NOTE 13 – OTHER RETIREMENT PLANS:**

#### A) Tax Sheltered Annuities:

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain termination payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2018, totaled \$5,000 and \$155,321 respectively.

#### NOTE 14 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB):

#### A) General Information about the OPEB Plan:

#### Plan Description

The District's OPEB Plan (the "Plan"), defined as a single employer defined benefit plan, primarily provides post employment health insurance coverage to retired employees and their eligible dependents in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. Benefits are provided through the East End Health Plan. Article 37 of the Statutes of the State assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

#### Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and Medicare Part B benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents. Benefit terms provide for the District to contribute between 85% and 95% of premiums for retirees, between 60% and 88% for family coverage, and 0% of the premiums for surviving spouses, depending on the coverage selected and date of retirement. The District recognizes the cost of the Plan annually as expenditures in the fund financial statements as payments are accrued. For the measurement year ended June 30, 2017, the District contributed an estimated \$317,751 to the Plan, including \$317,751 for current premiums and \$0 to prefund benefits. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund OPEB by any other means than the "pay as you go" method.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	23
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	28
Total	51

#### B) Total OPEB Liability:

The District's total OPEB liability of \$12,645,345 was measured as of June 30, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.90%, including inflation
Discount rate	3.58%
Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-65 medical/hospital/retiree contributions	7.0% decreasing by 0.5% per year until an ultimate trend of 4.5% is reached
Post-65 medical/hospital/retiree contributions/Medicare Part B	4.50%
Prescription drugs	9% for pre-65 and 12.1% for post-65 in 2018, 8.5% in 2019 decreasing by 0.5% per year until an ultimate trend of 4.5% is reached
Vision and administrative costs	3.00%

The discount rate was based on the yield on a 20-year AA municipal bond index as of June 30, 2017.

The mortality assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study done by the Office of the Actuary of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS) valuation as of June 30, 2016.

#### C) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

		Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	13,065,695		
Changes for the fiscal year:				
Service cost		609,720		
Interest		367,876		
Changes of benefit terms				
Differences between expected and actual experience		232,003		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(1,312,198)		
Benefit payments		(317,751)		
Net changes		(420,350)		
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	12,645,345		

There were no significant plan changes since the last valuation.

Changes of assumptions or other inputs includes an increase in the discount rate from 2.85% at the June 30, 2016 measurement date to 3.58% at the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.58%)	(3.58%)	(4.58%)
Total OPEB liability	\$15,119,780	\$12,645,345	\$10,695,610

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$10,130,560	\$12,645,345	\$16,058,210

## D) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense (credit) of \$826,096. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	-	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 199,464	\$	=
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-		1,128,159
Payments subsequent to the measurement date	335,465		-
	\$ 534,929	\$	1,128,159

Benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ (151,500)
2020	(151,500)
2021	(151,500)
2022	(151,500)
2023	(151,500)
Thereafter	(171,195)
	\$ (928,695)

Exhibit 9

#### QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### E) Restatement of Net Position:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 resulted in the reporting of deferred outflows of resources and total OPEB liability related to the District's OPEB Plan. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$3,274,217
Removal of beginning net OPEB liability	5,144,529
Addition of beginning total OPEB liability	(13,065,695)
Addition of beginning deferred outflows of resources	317,751
Net position (deficit) beginning of year, as restated	(\$4,329,198)

#### **NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT:**

#### A) General:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

#### B) Risk Retention:

The District participated in New York Schools Insurance Reciprocal (NYSIR), a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its District property and liability insurance coverage through June 30, 2018. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

The District participates in the East End Workers' Compensation Consortium, a risk-retained pool, to insure workers' compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the workers' compensation law, to finance liability and risks related to workers' compensation claims. The District's share of the total undiscounted liability for incurred but unpaid claims and incurred but not reported claims is \$58,868.

The following are the details of the amounts paid from this fund:

	94	2018	*	2017
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$	79,009	\$	158,848
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		31,709		(39,279)
Claims payments		(51,850)		(40,560)
Unpaid claims at year end	\$	58,868	\$	79,009

#### NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

#### A) Encumbered:

All encumbrances are classified as assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2018, the District encumbered the following amounts:

General Fund	
General support	\$ 52,843
Instructional	114,866
	\$ 167,709

#### B) Grants:

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### C) <u>Litigation:</u>

As of June 30, 2018 we are unaware of any pending or threatened litigation or unasserted claims or assessments against the District which require disclosure.

#### **NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:**

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the District through the date of this report and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to financial statements.



#### QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		P1 1 D. I. A	Actual	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary
REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Actual
Local sources				
	\$7,160,077	\$7,160,077	\$7,135,471	(\$24,606)
Real property taxes	11,021	11,021	35,916	24,895
Other real property tax items Charges for services	140,078	140,078	149,413	9,335
Use of money & property	500	500	17,000	16,500
Miscellaneous	76,254	76,254	6,563	(69,691)
State sources				
Basic formula	267,610	267,610	205,022	(62,588)
Excess cost aid			65,822	65,822
Lottery aid			11,581	11,581
BOCES aid	40,202	40,202	40,202	~
Textbook aid	8,249	8,249	8,913	664
Computer software aid	1,765	1,765	1,394	(371)
Library A/V loan program aid	735	735	581	(154)
Other state aid	19,833	19,833		(19,833)
TOTAL REVENUES	7,726,324	7,726,324	7,677,878	(\$48,446)
Appropriated fund balance	281,033	281,033		
Appropriated reserves	99,454	99,454		
TOTAL REVENUES, OTHER SOURCES & APPROPRIATI FUND BALANCE & RESERVES	\$8,106,811	\$8,106,811		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent

#### QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Year-End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances
General support					
Board of education	\$74,550	\$85,060	\$74,903		\$10,157
Central administration	251,050	177,760	168,689		9,071
Finance	161,949	280,834	260,719	\$10,430	9,685
Staff	32,275	50,500	46,150		4,350
Central services	416,903	507,543	437,437	42,413	27,693
Special items	157,914	157,914	155,184		2,730
Instructional					
Instruction, administration & improvement	107,534	108,617	88,139		20,478
Teaching - regular school	3,063,441	2,870,527	2,729,514	12,893	128,120
Programs for children with					
handicapping conditions	1,145,552	1,012,106	915,353	346	96,407
Occupational education	13,983	18,283	15,554		2,729
Teaching - special schools	44,863	4,713	2,646		2,067
Instructional media	339,275	489,500	372,445	101,627	15,428
Pupil services	216,143	203,543	179,339		24,204
Pupil transportation	306,006	306,006	236,654		69,352
Community services	6,750	33,050	19,725		13,325
Employee benefits	1,693,456	1,720,188	1,647,319		72,869
Debt service					
Debt service principal	6,167	6,167	3,500		2,667
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,037,811	8,032,311	7,353,270	167,709	511,332
Other financing uses					
Transfers to other funds	69,000	74,500	74,483		17_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$8,106,811	\$8,106,811	7,427,753	\$167,709	\$511,349
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			250,125		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR			4,085,339		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$4,335,464		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting
Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

Service cost	\$609,720
Interest	367,876
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	232,003
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(1,312,198)
Benefit payments	(317,751)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(420,350)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	13,065,695
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$12,645,345
Covered-employee payroll	\$2,437,145
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	518.86%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Trust Assets

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No.75 to pay related benefits.

#### Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2018 3.58%2017 2.85%

## QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (LIABILITY) / ASSET FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, \*

**NYSERS Pension Plan** 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 0.0015357% District's proportion of the net pension (liability) 0.0015496% 0.0015419% 0.0015019% 0.0015019% District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) (\$67,867)(\$50,014)(\$144,296)(\$247,472)(\$50,736)District's covered payroll \$409,676 \$463,042 \$495,653 \$483,390 \$442,389 District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) 12.21% 31.16% 49.93% 10.50% 15.34% as a percentage of its covered -employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total 97.20% pension (liability) 98.24% 94.70% 90.68% 97.95% **NYSTRS Pension Plan** 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 District's proportion of the net pension (liability) / asset 0.015167% 0.015093% 0.016194% 0.017409% 0.016131% District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) / asset \$1,682,089 \$1,939,247 \$106,181 \$115,283 (\$161,647)District's covered payroll \$2,603,953 \$2,487,609 \$2,404,095 \$2,588,477 \$2,372,323 District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) / asset as a percentage of its covered -employee payroll 4.43% 6.50% 69.97% 74.92% 4.48% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset 100.66% 99.01% 110.46% 111.48% 100.70%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement dates of the plans.

#### QUOQUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	NYSERS Pension Plan																				
		2018		2017		2016 2015				2014 201			3 2012			2011		2010	2009		
Contractually required contribution	S	70,828	\$	69,837	\$	82,210	\$	86,824	\$	79,269	\$	71,379	\$	61,924	\$	50,421	\$	25,260	\$	36,058	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	70,828		69,837	_	82,210		86,824		79,269	W-10-	71,379	_	61,924	_	50,421		25,260	_	36,058	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>s</u> - s -				5	-			<u> </u>				5			<u> </u>	s -		5		
District's covered employee payroll	S	390,587	S	458,262	\$	498,793	5	490,056	S	456,763	\$	425,459	\$	417,174	\$	404,026	s	371,442	\$	378,732	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	18.13% 15.24%			16.48% 17.72%			17.35% 16.78%			14.84% 12.48%			12.48%	6.80%			9.52%				
	NYSTRS Pension Plan																				
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	2012		012 2011		2010		2009		
Contractually required contribution	5	242,603	\$	318,604	S	308,816	\$	426,440	S	417,880	\$	279,757	\$	272,068	\$	195,582	S	141,615	\$	169,478	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	242,603	_	318,604	_	308,816	_	426,440		417,880		279,757		272,068		195,582		141,615	_	169,478	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	. \$	-	5					-	5		\$	-	S		5	-			<u>s</u>		
District's covered employee payroll	S	2,643,514	\$	2,603,953	\$	2,487,609	5	2,404,095	S	2,588,477	5	2,372,323	s	2,485,304	S	2,277,544	S	2,338,867	S	2,287,695	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	9.18% 12.24%			12.41% 17.74%				16,14% 11.79%			11.79%	10 95%			8.59%		6.05%	7.41%			

# QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

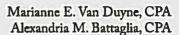
Adopted budget	\$8,059,754
Add: prior year's encumbrances	47,057
Original budget	8,106,811
Budget revision:	
Final budget	\$8,106,811
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION	
2018 - 2019 voter-approved expenditure budget	\$8,341,716
Maximum allowed (4% of 2018-19 budget)	\$333,669
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:	
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance \$582,750 Unassigned fund balance 2,540,136 Total unrestricted fund balance	\$3,122,886
Less: Appropriated fund balance \$415,041 Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance 167,709 Total adjustments	582,750
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	\$2,540,136
Actual percentage	30.45%

#### QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES- CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND JUNE 30, 2018

																Methods of	Finar	cing				Fund
		Original Revised Expenditures to Date Unexpenden					Expenditures to Date				expended	Pr	oceeds			Local					Balance	
Project Title	Ap	propriation	App	propriation	Pr	ior Year's	Current Year Total		Balance		of Obligations		State Aid		Sources		Total		June 30, 2018			
District Wide Renovations 17-18 General Fund Appropriations	s	135,000 69,000	s	414,256 69,000	s 	413,323	\$	•	s	413,323	s	933 69,000	s	-	\$	*	\$	414,256 69,000	s	414,256 69,000	\$	933 69,000
Total	S	204,000	S	483,256	S	413,323	S	-	S	413,323	S	69,933	S	-	S	( <del>-</del>	S	483,256	\$	483,256	S	69,933

#### QUOGUE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2018

Capital assets, net	\$3,085,168
Deduct: Capital related debt	
Net investment in capital assets	\$3,085,168





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Quogue Union Free School District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Quogue Union Free School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Quogue Union Free School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2018.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Quogue Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Quogue Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Quogue Union Free School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

ISLANDIA: 3033 EXPRESS DRIVE NORTH, SUITE 100 • ISLANDIA, NY 11749 WHITE PLAINS: 50 MAIN STREET, SUITE 1000 • WHITE PLAINS, NY 10606 PHONE: (631) 234-4444 • FAX: (631) 234-4234

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Quogue Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP

R. S. abrana + Co. XXX

Islandia, NY

November 5, 2018